

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
for the
District of _____

Plaintiff

V.

Defendant

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)
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Civil Action No.

**SUBPOENA TO PRODUCE DOCUMENTS, INFORMATION, OR OBJECTS
OR TO PERMIT INSPECTION OF PREMISES IN A CIVIL ACTION**

To:

(Name of person to whom this subpoena is directed)

Production: **YOU ARE COMMANDED** to produce at the time, date, and place set forth below the following documents, electronically stored information, or objects, and to permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the material:

Place: _____ Date and Time: _____

Inspection of Premises: **YOU ARE COMMANDED** to permit entry onto the designated premises, land, or other property possessed or controlled by you at the time, date, and location set forth below, so that the requesting party may inspect, measure, survey, photograph, test, or sample the property or any designated object or operation on it.

Place:	Date and Time:
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The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 are attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of compliance; Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your duty to respond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so.

Date:

CLERK OF COURT

OR

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Attorney's signature

The name, address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the attorney representing *(name of party)* _____, who issues or requests this subpoena, are:

Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

If this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things or the inspection of premises before trial, a notice and a copy of the subpoena must be served on each party in this case before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4). **EXHIBIT**

EXHIBIT

Civil Action No. _____

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

I received this subpoena for (name of individual and title, if any) _____

on (date) _____ .

I served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named person as follows: _____

on (date) _____ ; or

I returned the subpoena unexecuted because: _____

Unless the subpoena was issued on behalf of the United States, or one of its officers or agents, I have also tendered to the witness the fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the amount of

\$ _____ .

My fees are \$ _____ for travel and \$ _____ for services, for a total of \$ _____ .

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: _____

Server's signature

Printed name and title

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13)

(c) Place of Compliance.

(1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:

(A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or

(B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person

(i) is a party or a party's officer; or

(ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.

(2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:

(A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and

(B) inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

(A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.

(B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:

(i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.

(ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

(A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:

(i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;

(ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);

(iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or

(iv) subjects a person to undue burden.

(B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

(i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or

(ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.

(C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:

(i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and

(ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

(1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:

(A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.

(B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.

(C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.

(D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

(A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:

(i) expressly make the claim; and

(ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.

(B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(g) Contempt.

The court for the district where compliance is required—and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court—may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.

ATTACHMENT 1

Definitions & Instructions

1. **All/Each.** The terms “all” and “each” shall be construed as all and each.
2. **And/Or.** The connectives “and” and “or” shall be construed either disjunctively or conjunctively as necessary to bring within the scope of the discovery request all responses that might otherwise be construed to be outside of its scope.
3. **Communication.** The term “communication” means the transmittal of information (in the form of facts, ideas, inquiries, emails or otherwise), including any discussions, conversations, negotiations, agreements, understandings, meetings, telephone conversations, e-mails, instant messages, text messages, voicemails, letters, notes, memoranda, telegrams, advertisements or other forms of information sent to or received from any person or entity, whether oral, written, or electronic.
4. **Concerning.** The term “concerning” means relating to, referring to, describing, evidencing or constituting.
5. **Document.** The term “document” is defined to be synonymous in meaning and equal in scope to the usage of the term “documents or electronically stored information” in Fed. R. Civ. P. 34(a)(1)(A), and shall include without limitation, information stored in physical, electronic, magnetic, or optical media. “Document(s)” further means the original and each non-identical copy of anything written, handwritten, printed, typed, recorded, computerized, electronic, taped, graphic, or other matter, in whatever form, whether in final or draft. “Document(s)” also includes all attachments or appendices to any document. A draft or non-identical copy is a separate document within the meaning of this term.

6. **Including.** The term “including” means “including without limitation.” Under no circumstance should use of the word “including” be construed to limit the scope of documents responsive to the request.
7. **Information.** The term “information” means and refers to Communications and Documents as those terms are defined herein, and employee or corporate knowledge.
8. **FICO.** The term “FICO” refers to the Plaintiff Fair Isaac Corporation.
9. **Aetna/You/Your.** “Aetna” “You” or “Your” means and refers to Aetna Inc., a Connecticut corporation with its principal place of business at 151 Farmington Avenue, Hartford, CT 06156, as well as its subsidiaries, affiliates and any officer, agent, employee, attorney, or person acting under the control of or on behalf of Aetna.
10. **Coventry.** The term “Coventry” refers to the company Coventry Health Care, Inc. whose assets, in whole or in part, were acquired by Aetna Inc. in or around May 7, 2013.
11. **Software License and Services Agreement.** The term “Software License and Services Agreement” refers to the agreement between Coventry and FICO that was entered into in or around September 28, 2007.
12. **Master Business Agreement.** The term “Master Business Agreement” refers to the agreement between FICO and Aetna, which was entered into in or around June 30, 2004.
13. **Assignment and Assumption Agreement.** The term “Assignment and Assumption Agreement” refers to the agreement between FICO and Aetna, which was entered into in or around September 23, 2014.
14. **Privilege.** For any document for which you claim a privilege, you must expressly state the privilege and provide a description of the nature of the documents, communications

or things not produced sufficient to enable the demanding party to contest the claim as required by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45.

Document Requests

1. Produce all agreements between You, Coventry and FICO, including the Software License and Services Agreement, Master Business Agreement, and Assignment and Assumption Agreement.
2. Produce all amendments, addendums, or contractual modifications to the Software License and Services Agreement, Master Business Agreement, and Assignment and Assumption Agreement.
3. Produce all communications concerning any disputes that have arisen between Aetna and FICO.
4. Produce all communications concerning FICO's consent to the assignment of license agreements to Aetna following Aetna's acquisition of Coventry's assets.
5. Produce all communications concerning the Assignment and Assumption Agreement entered into with FICO in or around September 23, 2014, including negotiations of the terms of the agreement.
6. Produce all documents evidencing any payments from Aetna to FICO in connection with the Assignment and Assumption Agreement.